Thailand & Sustainable Development Goals guided by Sufficiency Economy Philosophy (SEP) and accelerated through BCG Economy Model













National Mechanism for SDG Implementation





Policy

Thai government established

the National Committee for Sustainable Development (CSD),

chaired by the Prime Minister to move forward SDG implementation.



This year, the

Sub-committees for





Thailand's SDGs Roadmap

SDGs have been integrated into national and subnational plans, thereby ensuring policy coherence.

Youth and the Private sector

were set up under the CSD to boost participation from multi-stakeholders in national development.

SDG Localisation

- "Integrating the SDGs into Local Action in SDG Provincial Profile by the UNDP, the **Support of the Implementation of the 2030** Agenda in Asia and the Pacific Project", supported by UNESCAP and UN-Habitat in Samut Sakorn Province.
- A joint project between UNESCAP and Nakhon Si Thammarat Province to develop Voluntary Local Reviews (VLRs).



- Office of the National Economic and **Social Development Council and Thai** academic institutions in Chiangmai, Narathiwat, and Nakhon Ratchasima Provinces.
- Waste Wise Cities Tool (WaCT) by UN-Habitat and UNEP in Chonburi 🦠 Province.
- The signing of **STATEMENT OF** COMMITMENT TO SUSTAINABLE THAILAND By the Governors of the Provinces of **Thailand** to localise SDGs.

5Ps are at the heart of the 2030 Agenda

Starting from the well-being of **PEOPLE**, we enhance **PARTNERSHIP** at all levels to foster **PEACE** and **PROSPERITY** for our **PLANET**.



PEOPLE



Achievement of According to Sustainable Development Report 2022 by Sustainable Development Solutions Network (SDSN)



Average Income per person per year

Increased

to 9,847 THB



Thai People Map and Analytics Platform (TPMAP)

is developed to better target vulnerable groups.

GOOD HEATH AND WELL-BEING

99%

coverage index score for Thailand's Universal Health Coverage (UHC),

the highest in Southeast Asia

In 2019, the Government elevated qualified volunteers to be household doctors a leader from each community was selected to attend a special training session.

The Government also supported the "village health volunteers" to use modern technology for more efficient health promotion efforts in the communities.

In 2022, there are approximately 1,040,000 village health volunteers in Thailand.

Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic, **front-line service** is effectively performed by household doctors and village health volunteers to ensure early detection.



GENDER EQUALITY

Gender Inequality Index Decreased

Higher participation of women in **public services, business, and politics**

0.419
0.359
2
2016 2019



In 2020, **companies** with at least one female executive increased by

01010

Women in **parliament** increased by

15.8%

PARTNERSHIP





SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

Thailand International Cooperation Agency (TICA)

 Working in partnership with 26 countries across the world, guided by

the Sufficiency Economy Philosophy (SEP for SDGs).

 Thai volunteers are sent to promote sustainable development abroad under the Friends From Thailand (FFT) Initiative.

Volunteers & civil society

13.15 million

(1/7 of the population)
volunteers across Thailand are driving
development in all dimensions, especially
at the local level, contributing to
SDG localisation.



The Private sector



Global Compact
Network Thailand (GCNT)

aims to achieve **net-zero emissions by 2050**.

GCNT also declared a collective goal to raise **43 billion USD** in funding for SDGs by 2030.

The Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission

requires all companies to submit an annual Sustainable Development Report.

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

helping Thai businesses drive the SDGs in a more inclusive, effective and well-synchronised manner.



Thailand and the United Nations



The United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) 2022-2026 guides Thailand's cooperation with the UN.

3 Strategic Outcomes

- Inclusive, green, resilient, low-carbon and sustainable economy
- Human capital development
- Leave no one behind

PEACE



PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS



The first country in Asia-Pacific



to develop a National Action Plan (NAP) on Business and Human Rights in 2019.

Member of the

Member of the

United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)

(2020-2022)

Commission on Crime Preventionand Criminal Justice (CCPCJ)

(2022-2024)

Thailand continues to improve the lives of female inmates through the "Kamlangjai" Project and the implementation of **the Bangkok Rules** for

the Treatment of Women Prisoners and Non-custodial Measures for Women Offenders

In 2019, birth registration rate was

99.5%



Access to legal identity for the people

is increasing



Technology used to increase access to the justice system

" THAILAND'S DIGITAL COURT "

"Justice Fund"

"Justice Hotline and Application '



84.50%

of Thai population is satisfied with **government services** .



PROSPERITY





SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Sufficiency Economy Philosophy (SEP)



Bio-Circular-Green Economy (BCG Economy Model)



balanced growth

2030



99.8%

TARGET

To increase the ratio of

Renewable energy

in the national energy mix to 24.08%

A target of 15 million **electric vehicle**

usage, or around 1/3 of total domestic vehicles

2035

of households have access to electricity in 2020.





Energy Intensity (EI) decreased

to 7.53 ktoe per billion Baht in 2020 from 8.12 ktoe per billion Baht in 2016

DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Despite of negative impact of COVID-19 Pandemic towards employment,

the ratio of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) increased to 34.5% in 2021 from 34% in 2020.



INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Increase in infrastructure investment through National Strategy for the development of the Thai Transport System (2018-2037)



According to the IMD World Competitiveness Ranking,

Thailand improved from 49th in 2016 to 44th in 2020.

Gross Domestic Expenditure on Research and Development (GERD)/GDP

Improvedfrom **0.78%** in 2016 to **1%** in 2019

3,721
3,353
2015
2019

INEQUALITIES REDUCED

Average income of the Bottom 40 **Increased**

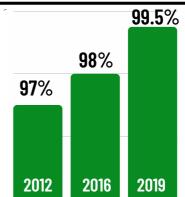
PLANET



CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

The proportion of household members able to access clean drinking water is

Increasing



RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

2017

2,353 Factories

The numbers of factories certified with the

2020 3,472 Factor

"Green Industry Label" Increased

2021 3,500 Factories

National Sustainable Consumption and Production Plan (2017-2036) in place

Thailand's CLIMATE ACTION MITIGATION



Thailand's CLIMATE CHANGE ACT

(underway)

CNP27

Carbon neutrality by 2050

- Net zero GHG emissions by 2065 (2050 with support)
- revised NDC and LT-LEDS @ COP27

Thai-Swiss MOU on Carbon Credit exchange under Art. 6.2 of the Paris Agreement (first in the world)

ADAPTATION

- Climate Change Risk Maps
- National Disaster Prevention and Mitigation Plan 2022-2027

LIFE BELOW WATER

100%

ban on plastic water bottle cap seals and other single-use plastics since 2018



LIFE ON LAND

In 2021, the environmental budget increased from 2019 by 88.32% from over 8 billion Baht in 2019 to over 16 billion Baht in 2021.



\$

In 2018, the **National Biobank** was established to promote long-term preservation of biomaterial.